Model Setup IDM

Version	Date	Scope	Ву			
0.0	2/9/2017	Adopted Norwegian Exchange Requirements (ER) for Georeferencing				
		and Creation of Site Local Geometric Representation,				
		20091106_ER_Georeferencing.xls	JMi			
0.1	2/9/2017	Issued internal draft	JMi			
0.2	2/10/2017	Corrected several typos.	JPI, DMa			
0.3	6/7/2017	Added definitions to the ifcMapConversion attributes	NBr & DBe			
0.4	6/16/2017	Corrected text in column IFC Model Representation, rows 48-51; copied definitions to Definitions and Notes , rows 89-92; copied definitions to Definitions and Notes , rows 57-62; amended text for row 76 Land Title Number	YYo & JMi			
2.0	Jan-20	Edited and uplifted for bSI publication	JMi & JP			

⇔ buildino MARI			Fusher on Descriptions and (FD) for March Code (FD)		Manufactor IFC Definitions				
Note: This document is a revised version of th	e Norwegian Exchange Requirements (ER) for Georeferencing and Creation of S	site Local Geometric Representation , which provides the foundation of the Model S	Exchange Requirements (ER) for Model Setup IDM etup ER		Mapping to IFC Definitions				
Object Type Attribute Groups Property	Definitions and notes	Examples and further explanations	Comments	Export	EC Model Representation	Comments	MVD MVD generic binding	A Lapand to see IFC representation General (P) Sassar	comments
Exchange Purpose: The purpose of this ex	change is to provide correct georeferencing of a site in a project. The dat	a exchanged will map the site's local origin (Multiple IfcSites allowed in on p	oject/IFC file? => IMpl agreements = >TH/TL) correctly to the earths surface and give the deviation of the site's local Y		There is no limitations by a specific MVD. The ER's mandatory and optional data must be read applications. Other data can (should?/must?) be ignored by the receiving application but must be application.				
axis from True North. (See IFC 2x4 specification for IfcSite.) The file may optionally contain map or terrain representation of the site. This representation must be in the site's local coordinate system, not in a map coordinate system. (See IFC 2x4 specification for IfcSite.).					minimum IFC version is 2x3. Where 2x3 has shortcomings to 2x4, the workaround for 2x3 is d				
This application must have a user interfac	rocess outline: Advanced map and terrain handling is outside the scope of the current IFC Model. In projects these data are provided on other formats defined by the GIS community. Deciding the site's local origin must be done in a GIS system with IFC export capabilities or in a BIM system with GIS capabilities. his application must have a user interface (IJI) that allows the user to pick the site's local origin on the map and give the direction of the site's local Y axis relative to True North. Elevation for the site origin must be obtained. How the UI obtains these data is entirely up to the designers of the application as long steed as the data obtained are correct. When this application wants to export the georeferencing data to a BIM application these Exchange Requirements must be met. Any geometric representation of the site must be transformed to local site coordinates by the application during the IFC export. See process map:								
	NOTE: Deciding the origin of the site does not lock the position of the building(s). The local origin and orientation of the building can be set later relative to the site coordinate system. Placing the building relative to the site coordinate system does not require a GIS system once the site has been properly georeferenced. NOTE: Applications certified for IFC 2x3 coordination view should by definition be able to read an IFC which follows these ERS? How about the lack of a building?								
		R. When the site is re-exported the original georeferencing data must be kep	t without any loss of precision etc.				-		
NOTE: If a BIM application has created a p	project and a dummy site, then it must be able to update the site informa	tion from the imported IFC file with georeferencing data and site geometry.							
Meta data									
Exchange file Exchange purpose	Designation of the exchange file to be "Model Setup"	No view limitation. Mark the file to comply to ER for Model Setup system to assign the			HEADER section file_description(['ViewDefinition [CoordinationView, Model Setup/MVD]'), '2;1'];	to be done automatically by the application			
Author	Name of the creator of the Georeferencing data	standard view definition name user setting - application need to provide UI		м	file name with field author	The UI of sending application shall enable the	-		
Company	Company name of the Author	user setting - application need to provide UI		м	file_name with field organization	user to fill in the data The UI of sending application shall enable the	-		
Originating application	Name of the software application that created the data set	system setting by software vendor, shall be specific, i.e. including version information		м	file_name with field originating_system	user to fill in the data The version and/or build number should be as specific as possible.			
Date of creation	Time stamp of the creation time	2008-04-12715:27:46		м	file_name with field time_stamp	to be done automatically by the application			
Project Project Attributes		there has to be exactly one project object in the exchange file			lfcProject		GSC-239 VBL-296		
Software unique id	Object identifier (formatted as GUID or UUID) to uniquely identify the software object	70ce2f2b-a5f8-4ab7-bc7f-6a838a353f25, has to be maintained by the application (e.g. fo re-export)		м	lfcProject.Globalld	70ce2f2b-a5f8-4ab7-bc7f-6a838a353f25 is exchanged using compression	VBL-170		
Number (or ID)	Client? assigned (short) name or number	delivery contracts may demand a certain naming convention	NOTE: Is this the Project unique ID for exchanges or the project GUID? Or use "seed" empty project distributed to all participants?	м	lfcProject.Name	1mpYvhfVXAixn\$QeEADJvb	GSC-241		
Name Description	User assigned name (full name) OPTIONAL User assigned optional description	for informational purposes only not required for export	[General]: Optional, not checked	M	lfcProject.LongName		GSC-242	Optional, not checked	
Phase	OPTIONAL User assigned optional description OPTIONAL Design stage	not required for export conceptual design, detailed design,, for informational purposes only	g = generally 100s Mishabad	0	IfcProject.Phase				
Project units Length unit	Default length unit for all length measures in the data set	[m], [mm], [inch], [feet]		M			VBL-359 GSC-246		
Area unit	Default area unit for all length measures in the data set Default area unit for all length measures in the data set Default volume unit for all length measures in the data set	[m²], [square feet]		M M	Interroject.Unitsin.context (incunitssignment) with incisionit.Name = NE INE If.Project.UnitsinContext (ifcUnitAssignment) with IfCSIUnit.Name = SQUARE_METRE If.Project.UnitsinContext (ifcUnitAssignment) with IfCSIUnit.Name = CUBIC_METRE		GSC-245 GSC-247		
Volume unit Project decomposition		[m³], [cubic feet]	Must be rescent	M			GSC-240		
Site contained in Project Building contained in Project	Link to the top-level node of the spatial structure, being a site Link to the top-level node of the spatial structure, being a building		Must be present. Allowed	0	If:RelAggregates If:RelAggregates	NOTE in the ArchitecturalHandOver it is restricted to one site object in the IFC file only	GSC-041 GSC-083	has to be given, if there is no site	
						restricted to one site object in the IFC file only			
Site		There must be exactly one site in the project			lfcSite		GSC-031 (GSC-033)		
Software unique id	Object identifier (formatted as GUID or UUID) to uniquely identify the software object	70ce2f2b-a5f8-4ab7-bc7f-6a838a353f25, has to be maintained by the application (e.g. fo re-export)		м			VBL-170		
Number (or ID)	User assigned unique number or key of the site (short name).		NOTE: Is this the Site unique ID for exchanges or the Site GUID?	м	IfcSite. Name		VBL-025 GSC-034	different to the software key (GUID)	
Name Description	User assigned name (long name) User assigned optional description	not required for export		M 0	IfCSite.LongName IfCSite.Description		BSA-507 BSA-508 GSA-008 GSC-035		
Site Georeferencing Attributes Longitude	Geo location	geographic longitude in geodetic system WGS84, e.g. Chicago Harbor Light -87.35.40 ("-	Resolution is millionth-second. Redundant in 2x4, but must still be given.	м	lfcSite.Longitude	See 2x4 IfcSite documentation	(GSC-033) VBL-312		
Latitude	Geo location	= WI geographic latitude in geodetic system WGS84, e.g. Chicago Harbor Light 41.53.30 ("+"	Resolution is millionth-second. Redundant in 2x4, but must still be given.	м	IfcSite.Latitude	See 2x4 IfcSite documentation	VBL-313		
Elevation	Site height datum	elevation above the height datum	IFC 2x3: Given according to the height datum used at this location (implicit). IFC 2x4: Defined in IfcCoordinateReferenceSystem.VerticalDatum. Redundant in 2x4, but must still be given.	м	IfCSite.RefElevation	See 2x4 IfcSite and IfcCoordinateReferenceSystem documentation.	VBL-314		
True North	True North	Orientation of site coordinate system relative to True North	22: It is given by a 2 dimensional direction within the xy-plane of the project coordinate system. If not resent, it defaults to [0,1]-i.e. the positive Y axis of the project coordinate system equals the geographic northing direction. Redundant in 2x4 (XxxixAbscissa/Ordinate), but must	м	IfcProject.RepresentationContexts.IfcGeometricRepresentationContext.TrueNorth	See 2x4 IfcSite and IfcGeometricRepresentationContext			
Geodetic Coordinate Reference System	Identification of datum used		Information needed for transformation from local site coordinates to map coordinates. (NOTE: Not map to geodetic coordinate reference	м		incoeometrickepresentationcontext			
			system). Referenced by a Helmert transformation (see report Model Setup IDM, Version 0.8, 16 Jan 2017, Section 2.4 The Objective Resolved, pp17-18) - we also need to find the precise Helmert transformation details from OGC or ?? Non-standard PSET in 2x3 - see below?						
Name Description	Name of coordinate reference system Description	EUREF89-UTM-32, 32632 (EPSG),		M M	IfcCoordinateReferenceSystem.Name IfcCoordinateReferenceSystem.Description	Not present in 2x3 Not present in 2x3			
Geodetic Datum Vertical Datum	Name by which this datum is identified. Name by which the vertical datum is identified	EUREF89, ED50, WSG84, NGVD 29, NAVD 88 (North America), NN1954 (Norway), AHD (Australia)		M M	IfcCoordinateReferenceSystem.GeodeticDatum IfcCoordinateReferenceSystem.VerticalDatum	Not present in 2x3 Not present in 2x3			
Map Projection MapProjection	Identification of Map Projection Used Name of map projection	UTM, NTM,	see Note above for Geodetic Coordinate Reference System	м	IfcProjectedCRS.MapProjection	Not present in 2x3			
MapZone MapUnit	Name of zone within map projection Length unit for map coordinates	UTM Zone 32 would be: "32" [m], [mm], [inch], [feet]		M M	IfcProjectedCRS.MapZone IfcProjectedCRS.MapUnit	Not present in 2x3 Not present in 2x3			
Site to Map Conversion Eastings	Site to map conversion parameters The shift in X between the two coordinate systems		see Note above for Geodetic Coordinate Reference System	м	IfcMapConversion.Eastings	Not present in 2x3			
Northings OrthogonalHeight	The shift in Y between the two coordinate systems The shift in Z between the two coordinate systems			M M	IfcMapConversion.Northings IfcMapConversion.OrthogonalHeight	Not present in 2x3 Not present in 2x3			
XAxisAbscissa XAxisOrdinate	The X component of the rotation between the two coordinate systems The Y component of the rotation between the two coordinate systems			M M	IfcMapConversion X/AxisAbscissa IfcMapConversion X/AxisOrdinate	Not present in 2x3 Not present in 2x3			
Scale Coordinate Operation	The scale in X, Y between the two coordinate systems Relationship between local site coordinate system and map coordinate system		see Note above for Geodetic Coordinate Reference System	M	HcMapConversion.Scale	Not present in 2x3			
SourceCRS	(Conversions and Transformations) Coordinate system of site			м	IfcCoordinateOperation.SourceCRS='IfcGeometricRepresentationContext'	Not present in 2x3			
Site Geometry Representation	Coordinate system of map projection	OPTIONAL		М	IfcCoordinateOperation.TargetCRS is a IfcProjectedCRS	Not present in 2x3 See 2x4 IfcSite documentation	GSC-032		
Foot Print Representation	Geometric Representation	Lines and curves.	Can the footprint be a representation of the cadstral boundary?	0	IfcSite.lfcProductDefinitionShape.lfcShapeRepresentation.RepresentationIdentifier = 'FootPrint' IfcSite.lfcProductDefinitionShape.lfcShapeRepresentation.RepresentationType = 'GeometricCurveSet',	See 2x4 IfcSite documentation			
Survey Point Representation	Geometric Representation	Survey points and breaklines.		0	or 'Annotation2D' IfcSite.ifcProductDefinitionShape.ifcShapeRepresentation.RepresentationIdentifier ='SurveyPoints' IfcSite.ifcProductDefinitionShape.ifcShapeRepresentation.RepresentationType = 'GeometricSet'	See 2x4 IfcSite documentation.			
Body Representation	Geometric Representation	Surface or volume representation	Does the extent of the body/surface have to match the cadastral boundary?	M/O	IfcSite.lfcProductDefinitionShape.lfcShapeRepresentation.RepresentationIdentifier = 'FootPrint' IfcSite.lfcProductDefinitionShape.lfcShapeRepresentation.RepresentationType = 'GeometricCurveSet',	See 2x4 IfcSite documentation			
Site Address	Address lines	REQUIRED depending on local usage, street number attent name, at-		M M/O	or 'Annotation2D' IfcSite SiteAddress Addresslines		GSC-032	to be used as default (i.e. if there	
Address City State	Town or city name	depending on local usage, street number, street name, etc.		M/O	IfcSite.SiteAddress.Town		(incl.)	to we was as actions free it mese	
Zip	State, Region, or "Länder" Postal code	optional in many countries		M/O M/O	IfcSite_SiteAddress.Region IfcSite_SiteAddress.PostalCode		(incl.)		
Land Title Number Land Title Number	The land title number (designation of the site within a regional system)			0	IfcSite.LandTitleNumber		GSC-032 (incl.)	to be used as default (i.e. if there	
Site Classification Classification	Site Classification		National Standards - what Classification systems are used for concepts around IfcSite.	0	IfcClassificationReference (through relationship IfcRelAssociatesClassification)		GSC-036		
Classification Item Key Classification Item Name	Key of classification item within the classification system Clear name of the classification item			0	ffcClassificationReference.ItemReference ffcClassificationReference.Name		(incl.)		
Classification System Name Classification System ID	Name of the classification system Identifier of the classification system			0	IfcClassification.Name (through IfcClassificationReference.ReferencedSource) IfcClassification.Source (through IfcClassificationReference.ReferencedSource)	In IFC2x3 there is an implementer agreement to	(incl.)		
Site Base Quantities				<u> </u>	IfcElementQuantity (through relationship IfcReIDefinedByProperties)	store the unique Id (encoding name, edition, version. etc.) in Source field	(BSA-438)		
Site Perimeter	Total perimeter of the side Total grap of the building site as projected to the horizontal plane.			0	IfcQuantityLength.Name="GrossPerimeter"		BSA-248		
Site Grass Land Area Site Properties Site Common Properties	Total area of the building site, as projected to the horizontal plane. Properties that are specified in the standard property definitions for a relevant.				If:CQuantityArea.Name="GrossArea" If:PropertySet (through relationship If:ReiDefinedByProperties) If:PropertySet with Name = "Peet Site/Common"		BSA-250 GSC-038 GSC-039		
Site Coordinate Reference System Prop	Properties that are specified in the standard property definitions (or a relevant subset of) as defined in IFC site common properties pertie) Properties that specify CRS details for GIS location	These two property sets mirror the information provided in IfcMapConversion and	Information needed for transformation from local site coordinates to map coordinates. (NOTE: Not. map to geodetic coordinate reference	·	IfcPropertySet with Name = "Pset_SiteCommon"		GSC-039		
Name	Name of coordinate reference system	These two property sets mirror the injurnation provided in ijewiapconversion and lifeCoordinateReferenceSystem in IFC4 MGA56	information network for transformation from tector size containates to map containates. (NOTE: NOTE map to geodetic containate reperence system). Information not present in 2x3. A custom PSET in 2x3?	м	IfcPropertySingleValue.Name="Name"		030033		
Description	Description Name by which this datum is identified.	Map Grid of Australia Zone S6 GDA94		M M	IfcPropertySingleValue.Name="Description" IfcPropertySingleValue.Name="GeodeticDatum"				
GeodeticDatum VerticalDatum Site Map Conversion Properties	Name by which the vertical datum is identified Properties that specify the transformation between the local grid coordinate	AHD	Information needed for transformation from local site coordinates to map coordinates. (NOTE: Not map to geodetic coordinate reference	М	IfcPropertySingleValue.Name="VerticalDatum" IfcPropertySet with Name = "MapConverion"		GSC-039		
Eastings	system and a maa arid coordinate system. The shift in X between the two coordinate systems	333,780.62	system). Information not aresent in 2x3. A custom PSET in 2x3?	м	IfcPropertySingleValue.Name="Eastings"				
Northings	The shift in Y between the two coordinate systems The shift in Z between the two coordinate systems	6,246,775.89 97.457		M M	IfcPropertySingleValue.Name="Northings" IfcPropertySingleValue.Name="OrthogonalHeight"				
OrthogonalHeight XAxisAbscissa XAxisOrdinate	The X component of the rotation between the two coordinate systems The Y component of the rotation between the two coordinate systems	0.990330045 -0.138731399		M M	IfcPropertySingleValue.Name="XAxisAbscissa" IfcPropertySingleValue.Name="XAxisOrdinate"				
Scale Site Catalogue properties	The scale in X, Y between the two coordinate systems Property that is specified by an external catalogue.	0.99998	Names are valid in the local context (e.g. by country, jurisdiction, building owner), only applicable in local context by additional agreements	M ?	IfcPropertySingleValue.Name="Scale" IfcPropertySet with Name = /* to be decided in local context */ and locally defined properties	In IFC2x3 there is an implementer agreement to	GSC-040		
		1		-		1			

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Model Setup IDM

S building SMHRT			Exchange Requirements (ER) for Model Setup IDM		Mapping to IFC Definitions			
Note: This document is a revised version of the	e Norwegian Exchange Requirements (ER) for Georeferencing and Creation of S	Site Local Geometric Representation , which provides the foundation of the Model S			тарріну со не Вершаоня			
Object Type Attribute Groups Property	Definitions and notes	Examples and further explanations	Comments		FC Model Representation Comments	MVD MVD generic binding	Expand to see IFC representation General	comments (P) Expand to see comments b
e.g. "tatsächliche GR2"	Ratio between the buildable area and the total area of a site		Similar function as LandTitleNumber for ifcSite	?	lfcPropertySingleValue	(incl.)		
Spatial Decomposition					.Name="tatsichliche GRZ", Description="D_Merkmalkatalog_BFR ZL008.11.2.102" .Value=0.65	660.043		
Spatial Decomposition Site contained in Project	"backlink" to the project as highest node in the project structure		[General]: one project object allowed	м	IfcRelAggregates with RelatingObject = IfcProject	GSC-042 GSC-041	one project object allowed	
Building contained in Site Storeys contained in Building	Reference to all buildings that are situated on this site. Reference to all storeys that comprise the building.			M M	IfcRelAggregates with RelatedObject = IfcBuilding IfcRelAggregates with RelatedObject = IfcStorey Allowed	VBL-504 GSC-043	used for project structures, where	
IfcPositioningElement		A grid is a positioning element to position building components mainly in vertical structures, an alignment is a linear positioning element to position geographic and civil						1
	.,,	elements mainly in infrastructure works.						•
Infrastructure Alignment	Defines an alignment system for linear built assets such as roads, railways, bridges and tunnels for geometric set out.			M/O	ifcAlignment			
Name Description	Name of the alignment Additional Descriptive information			M M				
ContainedInStructure	Reference to a spatial or linear system in which this alignment is defined	Examples are road, bridge, tunnel or similar This should either be omitted, or set to location 0.,0.,0. With no rotation (it shall be		M				
Representation	Definition of the alignment coordinate system.	identical to the engineering coordinate system of the lfcProject. Two geometric representations are defined: FootPrint Curve2D -						
Representation	Reference to potentially multiple geometric representations of the alignment.	simple 20 line representations are defined. Axis Curve 3D – 3D line representation of alignment of 3D alignment						
IsDefinedBy	Reference to the property sets associated to the alignment.	It may include the property "Status", defining the alignment as being new, existing,		M				
PredefinedType	Not used			M				
IfcAlignment2DHorizontal	An IfcAlignment2DHorizontal is a linear reference projected onto the horizontal x/y plane. Points along a horizontal alignment have two coordinate values	If he horizontal alignment is defined by segments that are connected end-to-start. The transition at the segment connection is not enforced to be tangential, if the "tangential continuity" flag is set to false, otherwise a tangential continuity shall be preserved. Based on the context of the project, they are geo-referenced and ifcMapConversion		М				
StartDistAlong Segment	Name of the alignment Additional Descriptive information			M M				
ToAlignment IfcAlignment2DVertical	Reference to a spatial or linear system in wg=which this alignment id =s defined An IfcAlignment2DVertical is a height profile along the horizontal alignment.	Examples are road, bridge, tunnel or similar The first value is the distance along the horizontal alignment, the second value is the		M	ifcAlignment	1		
granger constraint a CE (EAS)	An incongiment above truch a a neight prome along the industrial alignment. Points along a vertical alignment have two coordinate values.	The instyuce's time distance along the institutional angitiment, the security value's time height according to the project engineering coordinate system. Based on the context of the project they are geo-referenced and the height value is convertible into orthogonal height above/below the vertical datum						
Segment	An ordered list of unique vertical alignment segments, each (but the last) are ioint end to start			м				
ToAlignment (f. 4)	Link to the IfcAlignment for which it defined the vertical alignment.	Only one IfcAlignment can be linked, a vertical alignment can not be shared by several alignments		M				
IfcAlignment2DSegment	An abstract entity defining common information about horizontal and vertical segments Tag to annotate the start point of the alignment segment.	The start and end tag are defined as annotations, not as referents along the alignment. Only absolute distance expressions are in scope, not distances ahead or behind a referent, such as a station. However such information can be exchanged by tags.		M	de Alignment			
StartTag EndTag TangentialContinuity	Tag to annotate the end point of the alignment segment. Connectivity between the continuous segments is not enforced per se to be	Setting "TangentialContinuity" to True means that the current segment shall continue		M M				
ifcAlignment2DHorizontalSegment	taneential A single horizontal alignment segmentlwith an associated curve geometry. The following segment curve types are defined by the CurveGeometry: . line segment . circular arc segment	with tancential continuity to the previous one. see FC4 documentation for calculations , checking and validation			IfcAlignment			
CurveGeometry	. clothoidal arc segment . Geometric representation of the horizontal alignment within the 2D X/Y			M				
ToHorizontal	coordinate space. Link to the IfcAlignment2DHorizontal to which this horizontal segment belongs			м				
If callignment 2D Vertictal Segment	Individual segment along the If cAlignment2DVertical, being defined in the distance-along/z coordinate space. The vertical alignment is defined by segments that connects end-to-start. The vertical alignment curve geometry is defined in a plane with x = distance along horizontal, the y = height (or	see IFC4 documentation for calculations , checking and validation			IfcAlignment			
StartDistAlong	Distance along the horizontal alignment, measured along the IfcAlignment2DHorizontal given in the length unit of the global			M				
StartHeight	Elevation in Z of the start point relative to the IfcAlignment coordinate system. NOTE It is strongly advised to not offset the IfcAlignment coordinate system from the project engineering coordinate system.			M				
StartGradient	Gradient of the tangent of the vertical segment at the start point. It is provided as a ratio measure. The ratio is percentage/100 (0.1 is equal to 10%).			м				
HorizontalLength Grids	Length measured as distance along the horizontal alignment of the segment. IfcTree ia a planar design grid defined in 3D space used as an aid in locating	The position of the grid (ObjectPlacement) is defined by a 3D coordinate system (and		M M	Marcold .			
UAxes	structural and design elements. List of grid axes defining the first row of grid lines.	thereby the design grid can be used in plan, section or in any position relative to the worl	d .	M	II.Co ID			
VAxes WAxes	List of grid axes defining the second row of grid lines. List of grid axes defining the third row of grid lines. It may be given in the case of	4		м				
	List of grid axes defining the third row of grid mess, it may be given in the case of a triangular grid. Predefined types to define the particular type of the grid.			1				
PredefinedType Building		There must be exactly one building in the project			If:Building	GSC-031		
Software unique id	Object identifier (formatted as GUID or UUID) to uniquely identify the software	70ce2f2b-a5f8-4ab7-bc7f-6a838a353f25, has to be maintained by the application (e.g. for expect)		м	If cBuilding. Globalld	(GSC-033) VBL-170		
Number (or ID)	Object User assigned unique number or key of the site (short name).	The Congress of		м	tfcBuilding, Name	VBL-025 GSC-034	different to the software key (GUID)	
Name Elevation	User assigned name (long name) User assigned optional description			0 M	IfcBuilding LongName IfcBuilding Elevation	BSA-507 BSA-508 GSA-008 GSC-035	<u> </u>	
Building Storey		There must be one or more storeys in the building			If:BuildingStorey	GSC-031		
BuildingStorey Attributes Software unique id	Object identifier (formatted as GUID or UUID) to uniquely identify the software	70ce2f2b-a5f8-4ab7-bc7f-6a838a353f25, has to be maintained by the application (e.g. fo		м	IfcBuildingStorey.Globalid	(GSC-033) VBL-170		
Number (or ID)	object User assigned unique number or key of the storey (short name).	re-export)		M	If CBuilding Storey. Name	VBL-025 GSC-034	different to the software key	
Name Elevation	User assigned name (long name)			0 M	If Building Storey, Long Name	BSA-507 BSA-508	(GUID)	
Elevation	User assigned elevation relative to the Project height Datum			M	If:CBuildingStorey, Elevation	GSA-008 GSC-035		
Building Element Building Element Attributes		There can be none to many building elements in the spatial entity		M	HcBuildingElement	GSC-031 (GSC-033)		
Software unique id Number (or ID)	Object identifier (formatted as GUID or UUID) to uniquely identify the software object User assigned unique number or key of the site (short name).	70ce2f2b-a5f8-4ab7-bc7f-6a838a353f25, has to be maintained by the application (e.g. fo re-export)		M	IfcBuildingElement.Globalld IfcBuildingElement.Name	VBL-170 VBL-025 GSC-034	different to the software key	
Name Elevation	User assigned unique number or key of the site (snort name). User assigned name (long name)			0	IfcBuildingElement.?	BSA-507 BSA-508	(GUID)	
Building Element Proxy	User assigned optional description	There can be none to many building elements in the spatial entity			If:Building Element. Tag If:Building Element Proxy	GSA-008 GSC-035		
Building Element Attributes Software unique id	Object identifier (formatted as GUID or UUID) to uniquely identify the software	70ce2f2b-a5f8-4ab7-bc7f-6a838a353f25, has to be maintained by the application (e.g. fo		м	If:BuildingElementProxy.Globalid	GSC-031 (GSC-033) VBL-170		
Number (or ID)	object User assigned unique number or key of the site (short name).	re-export)		M	If Caulding Element Proxy. Name	VBL-025 GSC-034	different to the software key	
	User assigned name (long name)			0	IfcBuildingElementProxy.?	BSA-507 BSA-508	(GUID)	
Name Elevation Spatial Containment Element contained in Spatial Structure	User assigned optional description			М	IfcBuildingElementProxy,Tag	GSA-008 GSC-035 GSC-240		
Element contained in Spatial Structure	Link to a node of the spatial structure, being a site, building or storey		Allowed	М	IfcRelContainedInSpatialStructure NOTE in the ArchitecturalHandOver it is	GSC-083	has to be given, if there is no site	
Geographic Element	Geographic objects from the GIS system that are relevant to show on the site in	Objects representing trees, roads, pipes, infrastructure, etc.	Note; the position, scaling and orientation of these objects must be converted to fit the local site coordinate system.	0	Ifc2x4: IfcGeographicElement and IfcGeographicElementType Ifc2x3: IfcProxy and IfcProxy. Name [for element Owned by IfcSite through	GSC-031		
	a BIM system.				type) and IfcProxy.Tag (for element ID/position-number/instance identification). See Ifc2x4 documentation. IfcSite.ContainsElements			
		K K						
		not checke modified or new with respect to Norwegian orgin						